

EVALUATION KIT AVAILABLE



# Mono/Stereo High-Power Class D Amplifier

## **General Description**

The MAX9736A/B Class D amplifiers provide high-performance, thermally efficient amplifier solutions. The MAX9736A delivers 2 x 15W into 8 $\Omega$  loads, or 1 x 30W into a 4 $\Omega$  load. The MAX9736B delivers 2 x 6W into 8 $\Omega$ loads or 1 x 12W into a 4 $\Omega$  load. These devices are pinfor-pin compatible, allowing a single audio design to work across a broad range of platforms, simplifying design efforts, and reducing PCB inventory.

Both devices operate from 8V to 28V and provide a high PSRR, eliminating the need for a regulated power supply. The MAX9736 offers up to 88% efficiency at 12V supply.

Pin-selectable modulation schemes select between filterless modulation and classic PWM modulation. Filterless modulation allows the MAX9736 to pass CE EMI limits with 1m cables using only a low-cost ferrite bead and capacitor on each output. Classic PWM modulation is optimized for best audio performance when using a full LC filter.

A pin-selectable stereo/mono mode allows stereo operation into  $8\Omega$  loads or mono operation into  $4\Omega$  loads. In mono mode, the right input op amp becomes available as a spare device, allowing flexibility in system design.

Comprehensive click-and-pop reduction circuitry minimizes noise coming into and out of shutdown or mute.

Input op amps allow the user to create summing amplifiers, lowpass or highpass filters, and select an optimal gain.

The MAX9736A/B are available in 32-pin TQFN packages and specified over the -40°C to +85°C temperature range.

## Features

- ♦ Wide 8V to 28V Supply Voltage Range
- Spread-Spectrum Modulation Enables Low EMI Solution
- Passes CE EMI Limits with Low-Cost Ferrite Bead/Capacitor Filter
- Low BOM Cost, Pin-for-Pin Compatible Family
- High 67dB PSRR at 1kHz Reduces Supply Cost
- ♦ 88% Efficiency Eliminates Heatsink
- Thermal and Output Current Protection
- ♦ < 1µA Shutdown Mode
- Mute Function
- Space-Saving, 7mm x 7mm x 0.8mm, 32-Pin TQFN Package

#### Applications

LCD/PDP/CRT Monitors	Notebook PCs
LCD/PDP/CRT TVs	PC Speakers
MP3 Docking Stations	All-in-One PCs

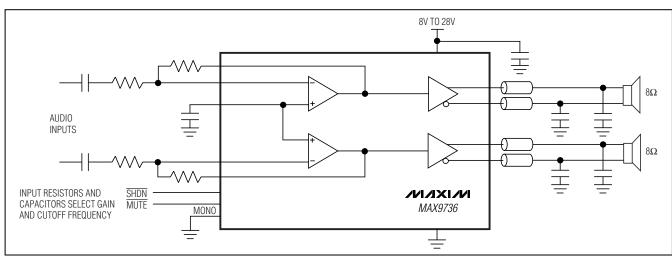
## **Ordering Information**

PART OUTPUT POWER	PACKAGE
MAX9736AETJ+     15W stereo/ 30W mono     32 T	QFN-EP*
MAX9736BETJ+     6W stereo/ 12W mono     32 T	QFN-EP*

**Note:** All devices are specified over the -40°C to +85°C operating temperature range.

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package. \*EP = Exposed pad.

## \_Simplified Diagram



## 

\_ Maxim Integrated Products 1

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

AGND to PGND INL, INR, FBL, FBR, COM to AG MUTE, SHDN, MONO, MOD, R REG to AGND VS to AGND (Note 1) OUTL+, OUTL-, OUTR+, OUTR-, to PGND C1N to PGND C1P to PGND BOOT to PGND	-0.3V to +30V GND0.3V to (V <sub>REG</sub> + 0.3V) EGEN to AGND0.3V to (VS + 0.3V) 0.3V to (VS + 0.3V) 0.3V to (VS + 0.3V) 0.3V to (PVDD + 0.3V) 0.3V to (PVDD + 0.3V) 0.3V to (V <sub>BOOT</sub> + 0.3V) (V <sub>C1P</sub> - 0.3V) to 36V	Continuous Pov 32-Pin TQFN (derate 27mV θJA Continuous Pov 32-Pin TQFN (derate 37mV θJA θJC Operating Tem Storage Tempo
OUTL+, OUTL-, OUTR+, OUTF Short Circuit to PGND or PVD Thermal Limits (Notes 2, 3)	}-, DDContinuous	Storage Tempe Junction Tempe Lead Temperat

Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$ )	
32-Pin TQFN Single-Layer PCB	
(derate 27mW/°C above +70°C)	2.16W
θ」Α	37°C/W
θ_JC	1°C/W
Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$ )	
32-Pin TQFN Multiple Layer PCB	
(derate 37mW/°C above +70°C)	2.96W
θ. μ.	27°C/W
θJC	1°C/W
Operating Temperature Range	
Storage Temperature Range	
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Note 1: VS cannot exceed PVDD + 0.3V. See the Power Sequencing section.

Note 2: Thermal performance of this device is highly dependant on PCB layout. See the *Applications Information* section for more details.
Note 3: Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a 4-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, visit <u>www.maxim-ic.com/thermal-tutorial</u>.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(V_{PVDD} = 20V, V_{VS} = 5V, AGND = PGND = 0V, V_{MOD} = V_{SHDN} = V_{MUTE} = 5V, REGEN = MONO = AGND, C1 = 0.1\muF, C2 = 1\muF, R_{IN_{-}} = 20k\Omega$  and R\_{FB\_{-}} = 20k\Omega, R\_{L} =  $\infty$ , AC measurement bandwidth 22Hz to 22kHz, T<sub>A</sub> = T\_{MIN} to T\_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.) (Notes 4, 5)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDI	FIONS	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNITS
AMPLIFIER DC CHARACTERIST	ICS	·					
Speaker Supply Voltage Range	PVDD	Inferred from PSRR tes	t	8		28	V
Preamplifier Supply Voltage Range	VS	(Notes 1 and 7)	4.5		5.5	V	
Undervoltage Lockout	UVLO				7		V
		R <sub>L</sub> = ∞, V <sub>REGEN</sub> = 5V,	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		30	45	~ ^
Quiacoant Supply Current	IPVDD	V <sub>VS</sub> = open	$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$			50	mA
Quiescent Supply Current	huo.	R <sub>L</sub> = ∞, V <sub>REGEN</sub> = 0V,	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		14	20	mA
	Ivs	$V_{VS} = 5V$	$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$			22	MA
Chutdown Supply Current			IPVDD		1	10	
Shutdown Supply Current	ISHDN	$V_{SHDN} = 0V$	Ivs			10	μA
REG Voltage	VREG				4.2		V
Preregulator Voltage	VS	Internal regulated 5V, V	/ <sub>REGEN</sub> = 5V		4.8		V
COM Voltage	VCOM			1.9	2.05	2.2	V
INPUT AMPLIFIER CHARACTER	ISTICS						
Capacitive Drive	CL				30		pF
Output Swing (Note 6)		Sinking ±1mA			±2		V
Open-Loop Gain	Avo	$V_{FB} = V_{COM} \pm 500 \text{mV},$	$R_{FB}$ = 20k $\Omega$ to IN_		88		dB
Input Offset Voltage	Vos				±1		mV

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

 $(V_{PVDD} = 20V, V_{VS} = 5V, AGND = PGND = 0V, V_{MOD} = V_{\overline{SHDN}} = V_{\overline{MUTE}} = 5V, REGEN = MONO = AGND, C1 = 0.1\muF, C2 = 1\muF, R_{IN} = 20k\Omega and R_{FB} = 20k\Omega, R_{L} = \infty$ , AC measurement bandwidth 22Hz to 22kHz, T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.) (Notes 4, 5)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL		CONDITIC	NS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	
Input Amplifier Slew Rate						2.5		V/µs	
Input Amplifier Unity-Gain Bandwidth						3.5		MHz	
AMPLIFIER CHARACTERISTICS	6								
Output Amplifier Gain (Note 8)	Av	MAX9736A			16.5	17	17.5	dB	
	~~v	MAX9736B			13.1	13.6	14.1	GD	
Output Current Limit					3.3	4.6		Α	
Output Offset	Vos	OUT_+ to OL	JT, T <sub>A</sub> = +2	25°C		±2	±10	mV	
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	PVDD = 8V to	o 28V, T <sub>A</sub> = +	-25°C	65	80		dB	
		f = 1kHz, 100	mV <sub>P-P</sub> ripple	•		67		a b	
			Stereo	$R_L = 8\Omega$		8			
		PVDD = 12V		$R_L = 4\Omega$		13			
MAX9736A Output Power			Mono	$R_L = 4\Omega$		15.5			
(THD+N = 1%)	POUT_1%	PVDD = 18V	Stereo	$R_L = 8\Omega$		13.5		W	
· · ·			Mono	$R_L = 4\Omega$		27		-	
		PVDD = 24V	Stereo	$R_L = 8\Omega$		13.5			
			Mono	$R_L = 4\Omega$		27			
			Stereo	$R_L = 8\Omega$		6			
	POUT_1%	PVDD = 12V		$R_{L} = 4\Omega$		11			
MAX9736B Output Power		PVDD = 18V	Mono	$R_{L} = 4\Omega$		12		<i>.</i>	
(THD+N = 1%)			Stereo	$R_{L} = 8\Omega$		6		W	
			Mono	$R_{L} = 4\Omega$		12		_	
		PVDD = 24V	Stereo	$R_L = 8\Omega$		6			
			Mono	$R_L = 4\Omega$		12			
			Stereo	$R_L = 8\Omega$		10			
		PVDD = 12V		$R_{L} = 4\Omega$		16		1	
MAX9736A Output Power	D		Mono	$R_L = 4\Omega$		19.5			
(THD+N = 10%)	POUT_10%	PVDD = 18V	Stereo	$R_L = 8\Omega$		17.5		W	
			Mono	$R_L = 4\Omega$		35		-	
		PVDD = 24V	Stereo Mono	$R_L = 8\Omega$		17.5		-	
			IVIONO	$R_L = 4\Omega$		35			
		PVDD = 12V	Stereo	$R_L = 8\Omega$		7.5 14		1	
			Mono	$R_{L} = 4\Omega$ $R_{L} = 4\Omega$		14		-	
MAX9736B Output Power	POUT_10%		Stereo	$R_{L} = 4\Omega$ $R_{L} = 8\Omega$		7.5		W	
(THD+N = 10%)	1001_10%	PVDD = 18V	Mono	$R_L = 4\Omega$		15			
			Stereo	$R_L = 8\Omega$		7.5			
		PVDD = 24V	Mono	$R_L = 4\Omega$		15		-	
			MONO	112 - 422		10			

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

 $(V_{PVDD} = 20V, V_{VS} = 5V, AGND = PGND = 0V, V_{MOD} = V_{\overline{SHDN}} = V_{\overline{MUTE}} = 5V, REGEN = MONO = AGND, C1 = 0.1\mu F, C2 = 1\mu F, R_{IN_{-}} = 20k\Omega$  and  $R_{FB_{-}} = 20k\Omega$ ,  $R_{L} = \infty$ , AC measurement bandwidth 22Hz to 22kHz,  $T_{A} = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_{A} = +25^{\circ}C$ .) (Notes 4, 5)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	co	NDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS		
Total Harmonic Distortion Plus		MAX9736A, P <sub>OUT</sub> PWM modulation r			0.04		~ %		
Noise		THD+N MAX9736B, $P_{OUT} = 2W$ , f = 1kHz, PWM modulation mode, $R_L = 8\Omega$				0.04			
Signal to Naigo Datio	SNR	Awaightad	$\label{eq:max9736A} \begin{array}{l} MAX9736A, \ P_{OUT} = 8W, \\ R_L = 8\Omega \end{array}$		96.5		dD		
Signal-to-Noise Ratio		A-weighted	$\label{eq:max9736B} \begin{array}{l} MAX9736B,  P_{OUT} = 6W, \\ R_L = 8\Omega \end{array}$		97		dB		
Noise	V <sub>N</sub>	A-weighted	MAX9736A		120				
Noise	(Note 9) MAX9736B		MAX9736B		μV <sub>RMS</sub>				
Crosstalk		L to R, R to L, POUT	$r = 1W$ , f = 1kHz, R <sub>L</sub> = 8 $\Omega$		100		dB		
Efficiency	η	P <sub>OUT</sub> = 8W, MAX97	36A, PVDD = 12V, R <sub>L</sub> = 8 $\Omega$		88		%		
Click-and-Pop Level	Kap	Peak voltage, 32 samples/second,	Into mute		36		dBV		
Click-and-Pop Level	K <sub>CP</sub>	A-weighted (Notes 9 and 10)	Out of mute	36			uвv		
Switching Frequency				270	300	330	kHz		
Spread-Spectrum Bandwidth					±4		kHz		
Thermal Shutdown Level					160		°C		
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis					30		°C		
Turn-On Time	ton				110		ms		
DIGITAL INTERFACE		•							
Input Voltage High	VINH			2			V		
Input Voltage Low	VINL					0.8	V		
Input Voltage Hysteresis					50		mV		
Input Leakage Current						±10	μA		

Note 4: All devices are 100% production tested at +25°C. All temperature limits are guaranteed by design.

**Note 5:** Stereo mode (MONO = GND) specified with  $8\Omega$  resistive load in series with a  $68\mu$ H inductive load connected across BTL outputs. Mono mode (MONO = 5V) specified with a  $4\Omega$  resistive load in series with a  $33\mu$ H inductive load connected across BTL outputs.

Note 6: Output swing is specified with respect to  $V_{COM}$ .

**Note 7:** For typical applications, an external 5V supply is not required. Therefore, set REGEN = 5V. If thermal performance is a concern, set REGEN = 0V and provide an external regulated 5V supply.

**Note 8:** Output amplifier gain is defined as:

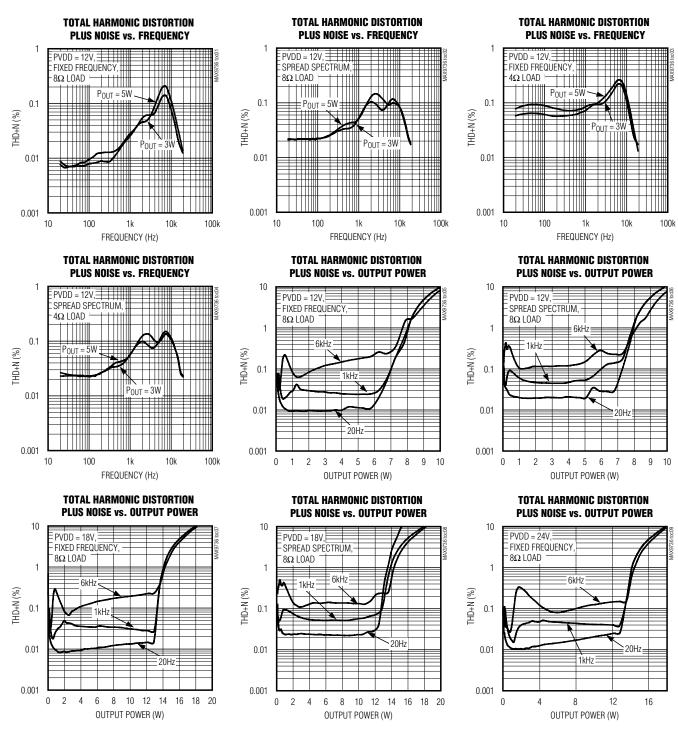
$$20 \times \log \left( \frac{1(V_{OUT\_+}) - (V_{OUT\_-})I}{I_{V_{FB\_}}I} \right)$$

Note 9: Amplifier inputs AC-coupled to GND.

Note 10: Specified at room temperature with an 8Ω resistive load in series with a 68µH inductive load connected across BTL outputs. Mode transitions controlled by SHDN control pin.

## \_Typical Operating Characteristics

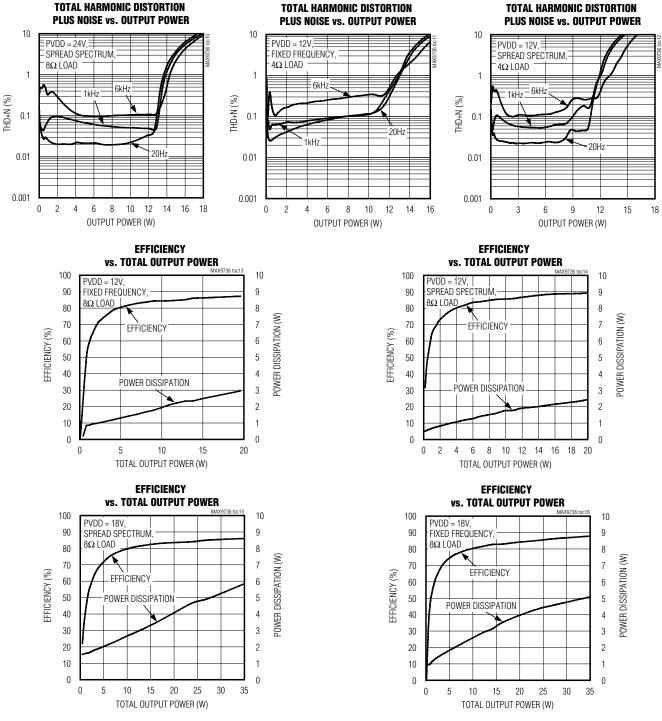
(MAX9736A, PVDD = 12V, MOD = high, spread-spectrum modulation mode,  $V_{GND} = V_{PGND} = 0V$ ,  $V_{\overline{SHDN}} = V_{\overline{MUTE}} = 5V$ , unless otherwise noted.)



**MAX9736** 

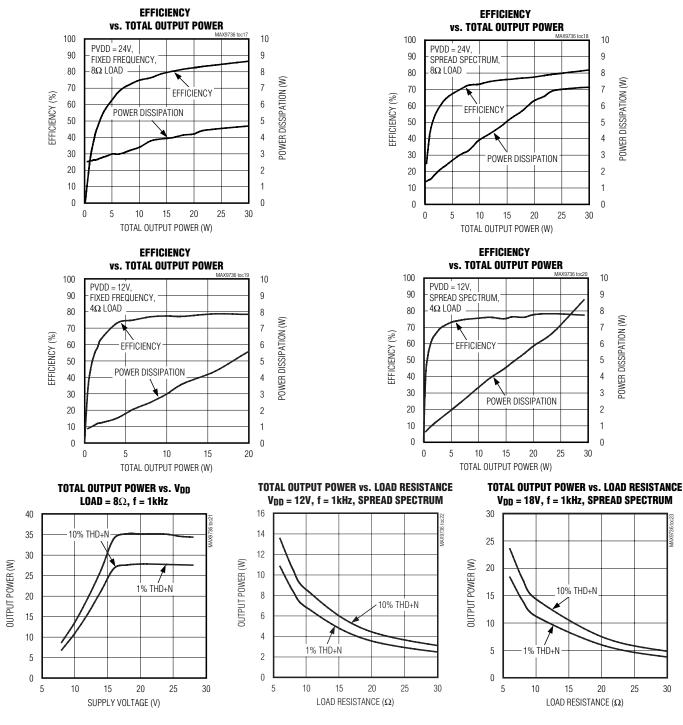
## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(MAX9736A, PVDD = 12V, MOD = high, spread-spectrum modulation mode,  $V_{GND} = V_{PGND} = 0V$ ,  $V_{\overline{SHDN}} = V_{\overline{MUTE}} = 5V$ , unless otherwise noted.)



## **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

(MAX9736A, PVDD = 12V, MOD = high, spread-spectrum modulation mode,  $V_{GND} = V_{PGND} = 0V$ ,  $V_{\overline{SHDN}} = V_{\overline{MUTE}} = 5V$ , unless otherwise noted.)

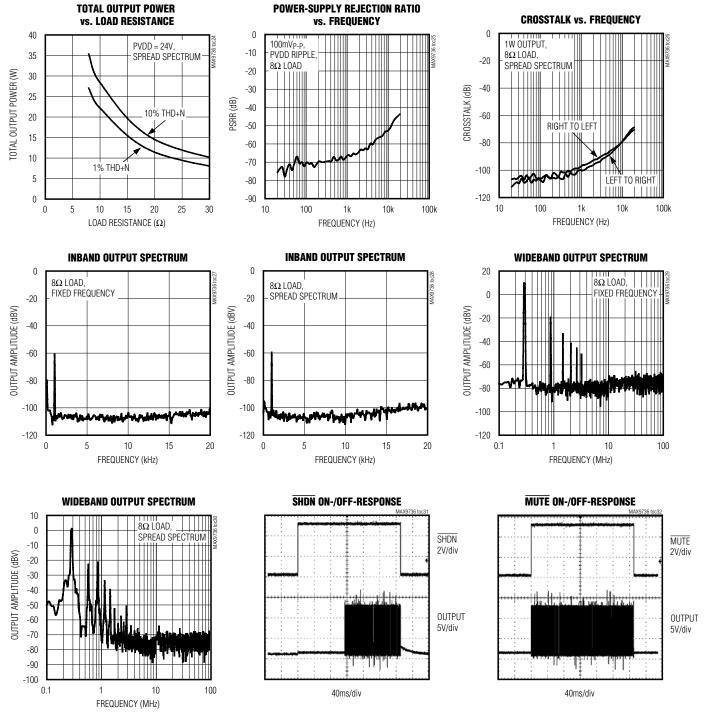


M/IXI/M



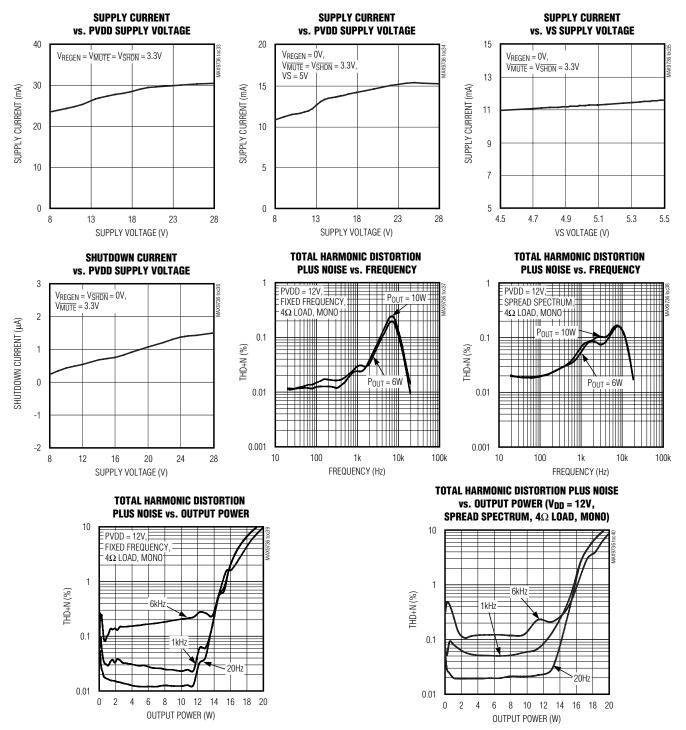
## **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

(MAX9736A, PVDD = 12V, MOD = high, spread-spectrum modulation mode,  $V_{GND} = V_{PGND} = 0V$ ,  $V_{\overline{SHDN}} = V_{\overline{MUTE}} = 5V$ , unless otherwise noted.)



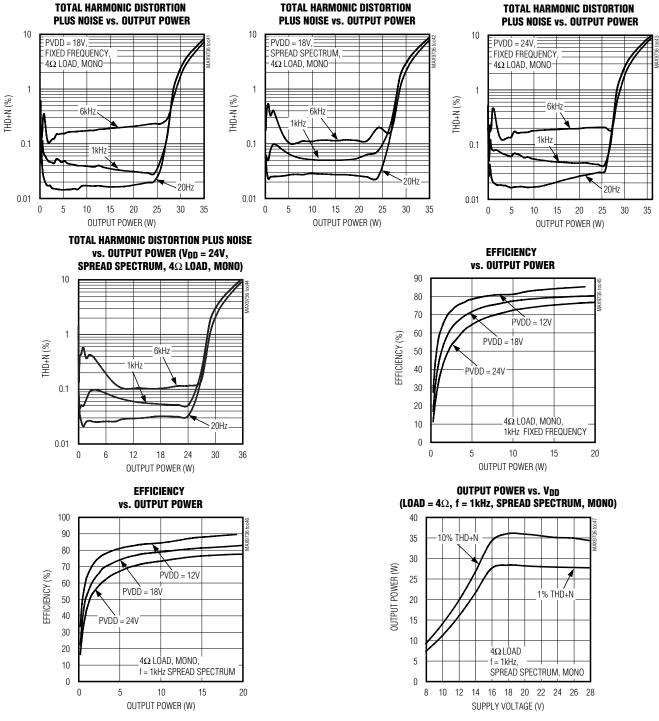
## \_Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(MAX9736A, PVDD = 12V, MOD = high, spread-spectrum modulation mode,  $V_{GND} = V_{PGND} = 0V$ ,  $V_{SHDN} = V_{MUTE} = 5V$ , unless otherwise noted.)

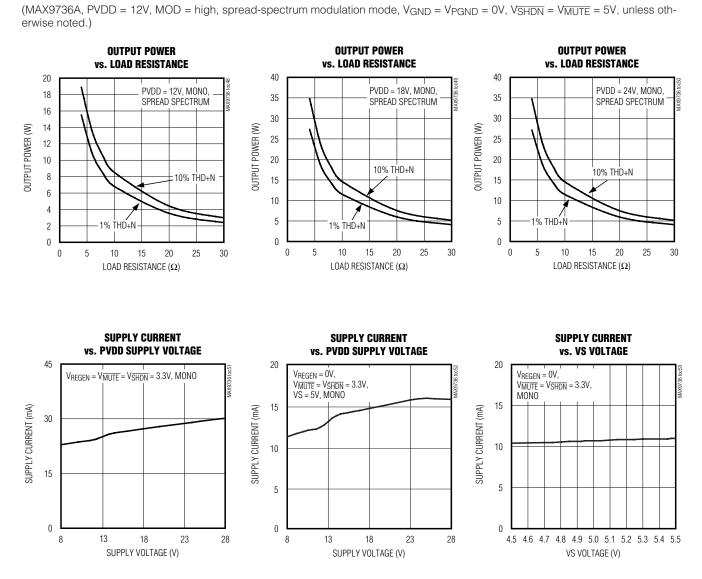


## **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

(MAX9736A, PVDD = 12V, MOD = high, spread-spectrum modulation mode,  $V_{GND} = V_{PGND} = 0V$ ,  $V_{\overline{SHDN}} = V_{\overline{MUTE}} = 5V$ , unless otherwise noted.)



Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)



## **Pin Description**

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1, 2	OUTL-	Left-Channel Negative Speaker Output
3	BOOT	Charge-Pump Output. Connect a 1µF charge-pump holding capacitor from BOOT to PGND.
4	MONO	Mono Select. Set MONO high for mono mode, low for stereo mode.
5	FBL	Left-Channel Feedback. Connect feedback resistor between FBL and INL to set amplifier gain.
6	INL	Stereo Left-Channel Inverting Input. In mono mode, INL is the inverting audio input for the mono amplifier.
7, 8, 17	N.C.	No Connection. Not internally connected. OK to connect to PGND.
9	MUTE	Mute Input. Drive MUTE low to place the device in mute mode.
10	SHDN	Shutdown Input. Drive SHDN low to place the device in shutdown mode.
11	REGEN	Internal Regulator Enable Input. Connect REGEN to SHDN to enable the internal regulator. Drive REGEN low to disable the internal regulator, and supply the device with an external 5V supply on VS. See the <i>Power-Supply Sequencing</i> section.
12	COM	Internal 2V Bias. Bypass COM to AGND with a 1µF capacitor.
13, 14	AGND	Analog Ground
15	REG	Internal Regulator Output. Bypass REG to AGND with a 1µF capacitor.
16	VS	5V Regulator Supply. Bypass VS to AGND with a 1µF capacitor. If REGEN is low, the internal regulator is disabled, and an external 5V supply must be connected to VS. See the <i>Power-Supply Sequencing</i> section.
18	INR	Stereo Right-Channel Inverting Audio Input. In mono mode, INR is the inverting audio input for the uncommitted preamplifier (see the <i>Mono Configuration</i> section for more details).
19	FBR	Right-Channel Feedback. Connect feedback resistor between FBR and INR to set amplifier gain.
20	MOD	Output Modulation Select. Sets the output modulation scheme: V <sub>MOD</sub> = Low, classic PWM/fixed-frequency mode V <sub>MOD</sub> = High, filterless modulation/spread-spectrum mode
21	C1N	Charge-Pump Flying-Capacitor Negative Terminal
22	C1P	Charge-Pump Flying-Capacitor Positive Terminal
23, 24	OUTR-	Right-Channel Negative Speaker Output
25, 26	OUTR+	Right-Channel Positive Speaker Output
27, 30	PVDD	Power Supply. Bypass each PVDD pin to ground with 0.1 $\mu$ F capacitors. Also, use a single 220 $\mu$ F capacitor between PVDD and PGND.
28, 29	PGND	Power Ground
31, 32	OUTL+	Left-Channel Positive Speaker Output
—	EP	Exposed Pad. Must be externally connected to PGND.

## **Detailed Description**

The MAX9736A/MAX9736B filterless, stereo Class D audio power amplifiers offer Class AB performance and Class D efficiency with minimal board space. The MAX9736A outputs 2x15W in stereo mode and 30W in mono mode. The MAX9736B outputs 2x6W in stereo mode and 12W in mono mode. These devices operate from an 8V to 28V supply range.

The MAX9736 features a filterless, spread-spectrum switching mode (MOD = high) or a classic PWM fixed-frequency switching mode (MOD = low).

The MAX9736 features externally set gain and a low-power shutdown mode that reduces supply current to less than 1 $\mu$ A. Comprehensive click-and-pop circuitry minimizes noise into and out of shutdown or mute.

#### **Operating Modes**

#### Filterless Modulation/PWM Modulation

The MAX9736 features two output modulation schemes, filterless modulation (MOD = high) or classic PWM (MOD = low). Maxim's unique, filterless modulation scheme eliminates the LC filter required by traditional Class D amplifiers, reducing component count, conserving board space, and reducing system cost. Configure for classic PWM output when using a full LC filter.

Click-and-pop protection does not apply when the output is switching between modulation schemes. To maintain click-and-pop protection when switching between output schemes the device must enter shutdown mode and be configured to the new output scheme before the startup sequence is finished.

#### Spread-Spectrum Mode

The MAX9736 features a unique, patented spread-spectrum mode that flattens the wideband spectral components, improving EMI radiated by the speaker and cables. The switching frequency of the Class D amplifier varies randomly by  $\pm$ 6kHz around the 300kHz center frequency. Instead of a large amount of spectral energy present at multiples of the switching frequency, the energy is spread over a bandwidth that increases with frequency. Above a few megahertz, the wideband spectrum looks like white noise for EMI purposes. A proprietary amplifier topology ensures this white noise does not corrupt the noise floor in the audio bandwidth. The spread-spectrum mode is enabled only with filterless modulation.

#### Efficiency

The high efficiency of a Class D amplifier is due to the switching operation of the output stage transistors. In a Class D amplifier, the output transistors act as switches and consume negligible power. Power loss associated with the Class D output stage is due to the I<sup>2</sup>R loss of the MOSFET on-resistance, various switching losses, and quiescent current overhead.

The theoretical best efficiency of a linear amplifier is 78% at peak output power. Under typical music reproduction levels, the efficiency falls below 30%, whereas the MAX9736 exhibits > 80% efficiency under the same conditions (Figure 1).

#### Shutdown

The MAX9736 features a shutdown mode that reduces power consumption and extends battery life in portable applications. The shutdown mode reduces supply current to 1 $\mu$ A (typ). Drive SHDN high for normal operation. Drive SHDN low to place the device in low-power shutdown mode. In shutdown mode, the outputs are high impedance; and the common-mode voltage at the output decays to zero. In shutdown mode, connect REGEN low to minimize current consumption.

#### **Mute Function**

The MAX9736 features a clickless-and-popless mute mode. When the device is muted, the signal is attenuated at the speaker and the outputs stop switching. To mute the MAX9736, drive MUTE low. Hold MUTE low during system power-up and power-down to ensure that clicks and pops caused by circuits before the MAX9736 are suppressed.

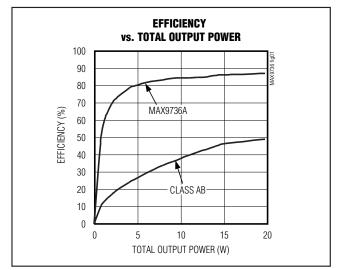


Figure 1. MAX9736A Efficiency vs. Class AB Efficiency

# **MAX9736**

#### **Click-and-Pop Suppression**

The MAX9736 features comprehensive click-and-pop suppression that minimizes audible transients on startup and shutdown. While in shutdown, the H-bridge is in a high-impedance state.

#### **Mono Configuration**

The MAX9736 features a mono mode that allows the right and left channels to operate in parallel, achieving up to 30W (MAX9736A) of output power. Apply a logic-high to MONO to enable mono mode. In mono mode, an audio signal applied to the left channel (INL) is routed to the H-bridges of both channels. Also in mono mode, the right-channel preamplifier becomes an uncommitted operational amplifier, allowing for flexibility in system design. Connect OUTL+ to OUTR+ and OUTL- to OUTR- using heavy PCB traces as close as possible to the device. Driving MONO low (stereo mode) while the outputs are wired together in mono mode can trigger the short-circuit or thermal-overload protection or both.

**Current Limit** When the output current reaches the current limit, 4.6A (typ), the MAX9736 disables the outputs and initiates a 450µs startup sequence. The shutdown and startup sequence is repeated until the output fault is removed. Properly designed applications do not enter currentlimit mode unless the output is short circuited or connected incorrectly.

#### **Thermal Shutdown**

When the die temperature reaches the thermal shutdown threshold, +160°C (typ), the MAX9736 outputs are disabled. When the die temperature decreases by 30°C, normal operation resumes. Some causes of thermal shutdown are excessively low load impedance, poor thermal contact between the MAX9736's exposed pad and the PCB, elevated ambient temperature, or poor PCB layout and assembly.

## **Applications Information**

#### Filterless Class D Operation

The MAX9736 meets EN55022B EMC radiation limits with an inexpensive ferrite bead and capacitor filter when the speaker leads are less than or equal to 1m. Select a ferrite bead with  $100\Omega$  to  $600\Omega$  impedance and rated for at least 2A. The capacitor value varies based on the ferrite bead chosen and the speaker lead length. See Figure 3 for the correct connections of these components.

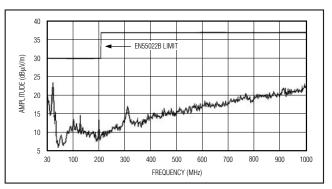


Figure 2. EMI Performance

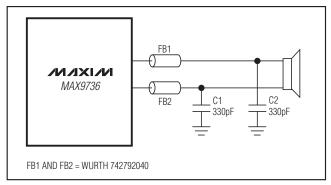


Figure 3. Ferrite Bead Filter

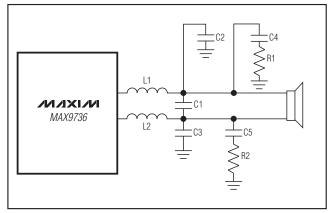


Figure 4. Output Filter for PWM Mode

When evaluating the MAX9736 with a ferrite bead filter and resistive load, include a series inductor (68µH for 8 $\Omega$  load and 33µH for 4 $\Omega$  load) to model the actual loudspeaker's behavior. Omitting the series inductor



### Table 1. Suggested Values for LC Filter

<b>R</b> L (Ω)	L1, L2 (µH)	C1 (µF)	C2, C3 (µF)	C4, C5 (µF)	<b>R1, R2 (</b> Ω <b>)</b>
4	10	0.47	0.10	0.22	10
8	15	0.15	0.15	0.15	15
16	33	0.10	0.10	0.10	33

reduces the efficiency, the THD+N performance, and the output power of the MAX9736. When evaluating with a load speaker, no series inductor is required.

#### **Inductor-Based Output Filters**

Some applications use the MAX9736 with a full inductor-/capacitor-based (LC) output filter. Select the PWM output mode for best audio performance. See Figure 4 for the correct connections of these components.

The load impedance of the speaker determines the filter component selection (see Table 1).

Inductors L1 and L2, and capacitor C1 form the primary output filter. Capacitors C2 and C3 provide commonmode filtering to reduce radiated emissions. Capacitors C4 and C5, plus resistors R1 and R2, form a Zobel at the output. A Zobel corrects the output loading to compensate for the rising impedance of the loudspeaker. Without a Zobel the filter exhibits a peak response near the cutoff frequency.

#### **Component Selection**

#### Gain-Setting Resistors

External feedback resistors set the gain of the MAX9736. The output stage provides a fixed internal gain in addition to the externally set input stage gain. For the MAX9736A, the fixed output-stage gain is set at 17dB (7V/V). For the MAX9736B, the fixed output-stage gain is set at 13.6dB (4.8V/V). Set overall gain by using resistors R<sub>F</sub> and R<sub>IN</sub> (Figure 5) as follows:

MAX9736A: 
$$A_V = -7.1 \left( \frac{R_F}{R_{IN}} \right) V/V$$
  
MAX9736B:  $A_V = -4.8 \left( \frac{R_F}{R_{IN}} \right) V/V$ 

where Ay is the desired voltage gain. Choose RF between 10k  $\Omega$  and 50k  $\Omega.$ 

The FB terminal is an op amp output and the IN terminal is the op amp inverting input, allowing the MAX9736 to be configured as a summing amplifier, a filter, or an equalizer.

#### Input Capacitor

An input capacitor, C<sub>IN</sub>, in conjunction with the input resistor, R<sub>IN</sub>, of the MAX9736 forms a highpass filter that removes the DC bias from an incoming signal. The AC-coupling capacitor allows the amplifier to automatically bias the signal to an optimum DC level. Assuming zero-source impedance, the -3dB point of the highpass filter is given by:

$$f_{-3dB} = \frac{1}{2\pi R_{IN}C_{IN}}$$

Choose  $C_{IN}$  so that  $f_{-3dB}$  is well below the lowest frequency of interest. Use capacitors whose dielectrics have low voltage coefficients. Capacitors with high-voltage coefficients cause increased distortion close to  $f_{-3dB}$ .

#### COM Capacitor

COM is the output of the internally generated DC bias voltage. Bypass COM with a  $1\mu$ F capacitor to AGND.

#### **Power Supplies**

The MAX9736 features separate supplies for signal and power portions of the device, allowing for the optimum combination of headroom, power dissipation, and noise immunity. The speaker amplifiers are powered from PVDD and can range from 8V to 28V. The remainder of the MAX9736 is powered by VS.

#### **Power-Supply Sequencing**

During power-up and power-down, VS must not exceed PVDD. VS greater than PVDD will damage the device.

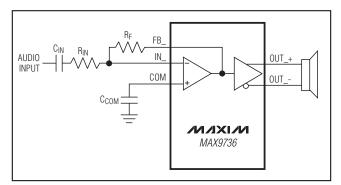


Figure 5. Setting Gain

**MAX9736** 

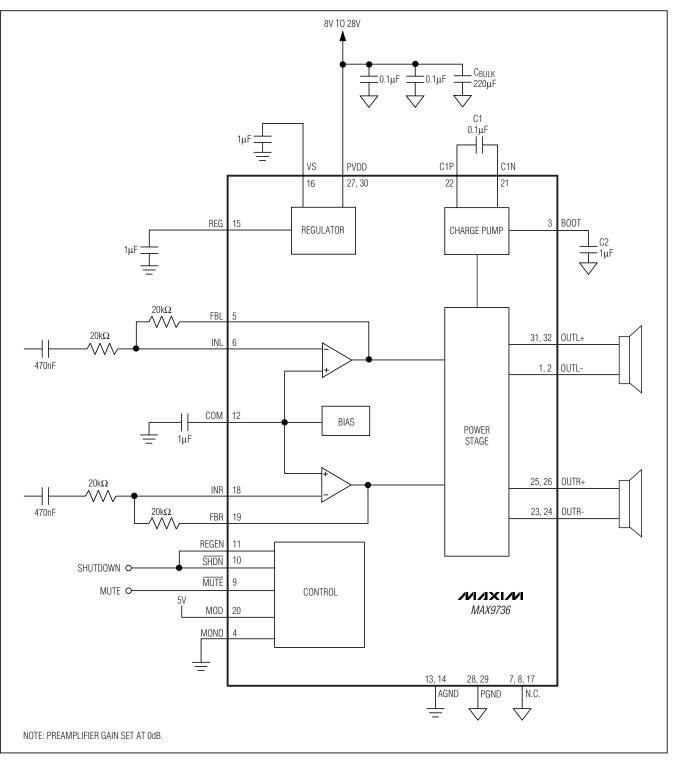
#### Internal Regulator

The MAX9736 features an internal 5V regulator, VS, powered from PVDD. Connect REGEN to SHDN so that the internal 5V regulator is enabled/disabled when the MAX9736 is enabled/disabled. If an external 5V supply is available, drive REGEN low and connect external 5V supply to VS to minimize the power dissipation of the MAX9736.

#### Supply Bypassing, Layout, and Grounding

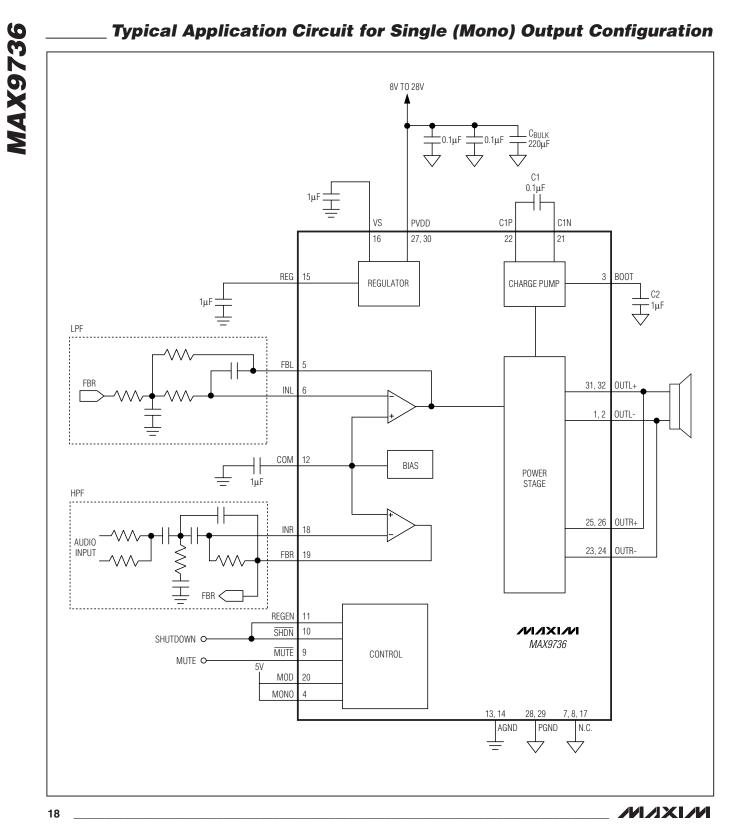
Proper layout and grounding are essential for optimum performance. Use wide traces for the power-supply inputs and amplifier outputs to minimize losses due to parasitic trace resistance. Proper grounding improves audio performance, minimizes crosstalk between channels, and prevents switching noise from coupling into the audio signal. Connect PGND and AGND together at a single point on the PCB. Route all traces that carry switching transients away from AGND and the traces/components in the audio signal path.

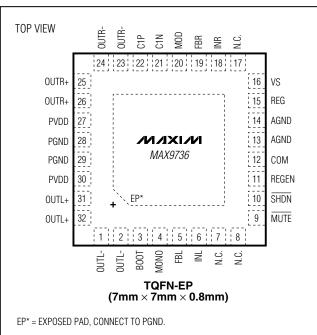
Bypass each PVDD pin with a  $0.1\mu$ F capacitor to PGND. Place the bypass capacitors as close as possible to the MAX9736. Place a 220 $\mu$ F capacitor between PVDD and PGND. Bypass VS with a 1 $\mu$ F capacitor to AGND. Use wide, low-resistance output traces. Current drawn from the outputs increases as load impedance decreases. High-output trace resistance decreases the power delivered to the load. The MAX9736 TQFN package features an exposed thermal paddle on its underside. This paddle lowers the package's thermal resistance by providing a heat conduction path from the die to the PCB. Connect the exposed thermal pad to PGND by using a large pad and multiple vias to the PGND plane.



## **Typical Application Circuit for Stereo Output Configuration**

**MAX9736** 





Pin Configuration

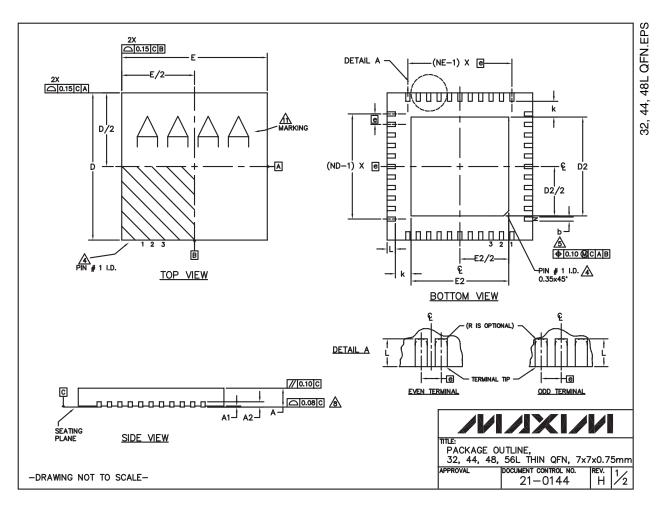
\_Chip Information

PROCESS: BICMOS

## **Package Information**

For the latest package outline information and land patterns, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	DOCUMENT NO.
32 TQFN-EP	T3277-3	<u>21-0144</u>



## \_ Package Information (continued)

For the latest package outline information and land patterns, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.

A     0.       A1     0       A2     0       b     0.       D     6.1       E     6.1       e     0       k     0.1	0.70 0.7 0 0.0 0.20	7x7 M. MAX. 75 0.80 02 0.05 REF. 30 0.35	MIN. 0.70	4L 7x7 NOM.		4	18L 7x7				KG.												
MBOL     MI       A     0.       A1     0       A2     0       b     0.       D     6.1       E     6.9       k     0.1       L     0.1	IIN. NOI 0.70 0.7 0 0.20 0.25 0.3 .90 7.0	M. MAX. 75 0.80 02 0.05 REF.	MIN. 0.70	NOM.		4	01 7.5		CUSTOM PKG. (T4877-1)						PKG. CODES	DEPOPULATED LEADS		D2			E2		JEDEC MO220
A     0.       A1     0       A2     0       b     0.       D     6.5       E     6.9       e     0       k     0.0       L     0.0	0.70 0.7 0 0.0 0.20 0.25 0.3 .90 7.0	75 0.80 02 0.05 REF.	0.70		MAX.			,	· ·	8L 7x7			56L 7x7			4000		NOM.	<u> </u>		NOM.	MAX.	REV. C
A     0.       A1     0       A2     0       b     0.       D     6.5       E     6.9       e     0       k     0.0       L     0.0	0.70 0.7 0 0.0 0.20 0.25 0.3 .90 7.0	75 0.80 02 0.05 REF.	0.70			MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	T3277-2 T3277-3	-			<u> </u>	4.55	4.70	4.85	-
A1 0 A2 0. D 6.1 E 6.1 e k 0.1 L 0.	0 0.0 0.20 .25 0.3 .90 7.0	02 0.05 REF.			0.90		0.75			0.75			0.75		T4477-2								WKKD-1
A2 b 0. D 6. E 6. e k 0. L 0.	0.20 .25 0.3 .90 7.0	REF.	0									0.70			T4477-3	_				-			WKKD-1
b 0. D 6.9 E 6.9 e k 0.7 L 0.4	.25 0.3			0.02		0	0.02			0.02		-	.20 R	0.05	T4877-1**	13.24.37.48					4.30		-
D 6.1 E 6.1 e k 0.1 L 0.4	.90 7.0	50 0.35													T4877-3	-				<u> </u>	5.10		-
E 6.9 e 6.9 k 0.7 L 0.4											0.30		7.00		T4877-4	-					5.50		-
e 0.1 k 0.1 L 0.1	.9017.0														T4877-5	-					2.50		-
k 0.: L 0.	0.65	BSC.		.50 B			).50 B			.50 B			.40 B		T4877-6	-					5.50		-
L 0.		-					.50 8	su. _			su.	-		<u>.</u>	T4877-7	-	4.95	5.10	5.25	4.95	5.10	5.25	-
-		-	0.25		-	0.25			0.25			0.25			T4877M-1	-	5.40	5.50	5.60	5.40	5.50	5.60	-
N		55 0.65	0.45		0.65	0.30		0.50	0.45	0.55	0.65	0.30		0.50	T4877M-6	-	5.40	5.50	5.60	5.40	5.50	5.60	-
	32			44			48			44		56			T4877MN-8	-	5.40	5.50	5.60	5.40	5.50	5.60	-
	8			11			12			10					T4877N-8	-	5.40	5.50	5.60	5.40	5.50	5.60	-
NE	8			11			12			12			14		T5677-1	-	5.40	5.50	5.60	5.40	5.50	5.60	-
															T5677MN-1	-	5.40	5.50	5.60	5.40	5.50	5.60	-
NOTES:															T5677-2	-	5.40	5.50	5.60	5.40	5.50	5.60	-
	IS THE IE TERI PP-012 HE ZON MENSIO .25 mn	2. DEŤA	NUMB I IDEN ALS OF ATED. PLIES 0.30 m	ER OF ITIFIER F TER THE TO MI	F TER MINAL TERMI ETALLI ROM T	MINAL TERN #1 II NAL # IZED 1 ERMIN	S. DENTIF 11 IDEN TERMIN	NUMBI IER A NTIFIEF IAL AI	ERING RE OF R MAY	CONV PTIONA BE E MEAS	/ENTIC AL, BL EITHER SURED	BETW	st be Old c NEEN	LOCAT	to Jesd 95- Ed Within Ked Feature.	AL NUMBER	of le	EADS	ARE 4	44.			
7. DE 8. CO 9. DR 10. WA 11. MAI 12. NU	EPOPUL OPLANA RAWING 4877-1 ARPAGE ARKING JMBER	ATION IS ARITY AP CONFOR	S POS PLIES MS TO 4/-5/ NOT I PACK/ DS SHO	SIBLE TO TO O JED /6 & EXCEE AGE O	IN A HE EX EC M T56 D 0.1 RIENT	SYMM POSE 0220 77-1. 0 mm ATION OR RE	ETRIC D HEA EXCEP N. REFE	AL FA	SHION K SLU E EXP E ONL NLY.	I. JG AS OSED Y.	WELL PAD	. AS 1 DIMEN	he te Sions	RMINA		TITLE: PAC	KAG	E O	UTLI	 NE,			7x7x0.

# **MAX9736**

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	1/08	Initial release	
1	12/08	Corrected various errors	1–15, 17–21

**Revision History** 

Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.

Maxim Integrated Products, 120 San Gabriel Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 408-737-7600

22

© 2008 Maxim Integrated Products

**MAXIM** is a registered trademark of Maxim Integrated Products, Inc.